AU BON PAIN CAFÉ INDIA LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2015

Chartered Accountants Bengal Intelligent Park Building Alpha, 1st Floor Block - EP & GP, Sector - V Salt Lake Electronics Complex Kolkata - 700 091 India

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AU BON PAIN CAFE INDIA LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of AU BON PAIN CAFE INDIA LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2015, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment,



including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2015, and its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2015 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2015 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2015 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our



information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 302009E)

Abhijit Bandyopadhyay

Partner

(Membership No. 054785)

KOLKATA, 05 May, 2015

ANNEXURE TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date)

- (i) Having regard to the nature of the Company's business/activities/result clauses (iii), (v), (ix) and (xi) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) In respect of its fixed assets:
 - (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) The fixed assets were physically verified during the year by the management in accordance with a regular program of verification, which, in our opinion, provides for physical verification of all the fixed assets at regular intervals. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (iii) In respect of its inventories:

- (a) As explained to us, inventories were physically verified during the year by the management at reasonable intervals.
- (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the procedures of physical verification of inventories followed by the management are reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the Company and the nature of its business.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has maintained proper records of its inventories and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, having regard to the explanations that some of the items purchased are of special nature and suitable alternative sources are not readily available for obtaining comparable quotations, there is an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business with regard to purchases of inventory and fixed assets and the sale of goods and services. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any major weakness in such internal control system.
- (v) The Company is not required to maintain cost records pursuant to the Companies (Cost records and audit) Rules, 2014 prescribed by the Central Government under Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.



- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed dues, including Incometax, Service Tax, Duty of Excise, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
 - There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income tax, Service tax, Duty of Excise and Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2015 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable
 - (b) Accordingly to the information and explanations given to us, as at March 31 2014, there were no dues on account of income tax, sales tax, service tax and cess which has not been deposited on account of any dispute.
 - (c) There were no amount which were required to be transferred to investor education an protection fund in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act 1956 (1 of 1956) and rules made thereunder.
- (vii) The accumulated losses of the Company at the end of the financial year are not less than fifty percent of its net worth and the Company has incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not given any guarantee for loans taken by others from bank or financial institutions.
- (ix) To best of our knowledge an according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no fraud on the Company was noticed or reported during the year.

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS
Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 302009E)

Abhijit Bandyopadhyay Partner

Inopomby

Membership No. 054785

KOLKATA, 05 May, 2015

Au Bon Pain Café India Limited Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2015

Rs. In Lacs

				Notes	As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
(1)	EQUI	TY AN	D LIABILITIES			
(1)	Share	holde	rs' funds			
	(a)	Share	e Capital	03	8,000.00	4,000.00
	(b)	Rese	rves and surplus	04	(5,973.34)	(3,724.84)
					2,026.66	275.16
(2)	Share	Appli	cation money pending Allotment	05	102.65	1,579.50
(3)	Non-	curren	t liabilities			
		Long-	term provisions	06	26.92	19.55
					26.92	19.55
(4)	Curre	nt liab	vilities			
	(a)	Trade	payables	07	333.47	253.42
	(b)	Other	current liabilities	08	62.94	72.25
	(c)	Short	-term provisions	06	0.39	0.34
					396.80	326.01
ГОТА	L EQL	JITY A	ND LIABILITIES		2,553.03	2,200.22
(II)	ASSE	TS				
(1)	Non-	curren	t assets			
	(a)	Fixed	assets			
		(i)	Tangible assets	09	1,739.44	1,379.91
		(ii)	Intangible assets	10	146.17	167.73
		(iii)	Capital work-in-progress	11	44.53	85.96
					1,930.14	1,633.60
	(b)	Long	term loans and advances	12	388.34	354.66
					2,318.48	1,988.26
(2)	Curre	ent ass		1920	701.01	124.00
	(a)		tories	13	131.01	28.97
	(b)	Trade	e receivables	14	20.32	
	(c)	V Schoolson ()	and bank balances	15	22.48	33.56
	(d)	Short	term loans and advances	12	60.74	25.43
					234.55	211.96
	AL ASS		notes forming part of the financial statement		2,553.03	2,200.22

In terms of our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants

Abhijit Bandyopadhyay

Partner

05th May, 2015 Kolkata,

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjay Gupta

Director

Subhrangshu Chakrabarti

Director

Aloke Kumar Mukherjee Aloke Mukherjee

Company Secretary

05th May, 2015 Kolkata ,



Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2015

Rs. In Lacs

			Year Ended	Year Ended
		Note	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
Reve	nue from operations	16	1,615.53	1,311.11
Other	Income	17	10.80	10.98
Tota	I Revenue (I + II)		1,626.33	1,322.09
EXP	ENSES			
(a)	Cost of materials consumed	18	692.81	496.16
(b)	Purchases of Stock In Trade	19	111.89	87.03
(c)	Changes in inventories of finished godds, work-in-progess and stock in trade	20	10.84	(21.88)
(d)	Employee benefit expense	21	858.22	627.27
(e)	Finance costs	22	24.51	21.70
<i>(f)</i>	Depreciation and amortisation expense		415.14	320.19
(g)	Other expenses	23	1,761.42	1,069.95
Tota	I Expenses		3,874.83	2,600.42
Loss	s before tax (III-IV)		(2,248.50)	(1,278.33)
Tax E	Expense	- 4422	-	_
Loss	s for the year (V - VI)		(2,248.50)	(1,278.33)
Loss	s per equity share (Rupees):			
	Basic and Diluted	27	(5.61)	(3.32)
	Other Tota EXPl (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) Tota Loss Tax E	(b) Purchases of Stock In Trade (c) Changes in inventories of finished godds, work-in-progess and stock in trade (d) Employee benefit expense (e) Finance costs (f) Depreciation and amortisation expense (g) Other expenses Total Expenses Loss before tax (III-IV) Tax Expense Loss for the year (V - VI) Loss per equity share (Rupees):	Other Income 17 Total Revenue (I + II) EXPENSES (a) Cost of materials consumed 18 (b) Purchases of Stock In Trade 19 (c) Changes in inventories of finished godds, work-in-progess and stock in trade 20 (d) Employee benefit expense 21 (e) Finance costs 22 (f) Depreciation and amortisation expense 23 Total Expenses Loss before tax (III-IV) Tax Expense Loss for the year (V - VI) Loss per equity share (Rupees):	Note 31.03.2015 Revenue from operations 16 1,615.53 Other Income 17 10.80 Total Revenue (I + II) 1,626.33 EXPENSES 48 692.81 (b) Purchases of Stock In Trade 19 111.89 (c) Changes in inventories of finished godds, work-in-progess and stock in trade 20 10.84 (d) Employee benefit expense 21 858.22 (e) Finance costs 22 24.51 (f) Depreciation and amortisation expense 415.14 (g) Other expenses 23 1,761.42 Total Expenses 3,874.83 Loss before tax (III-IV) (2,248.50) Tax Expense - Loss for the year (V - VI) (2,248.50) Loss per equity share (Rupees): (5.61)

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants

Abhijit Bandyopadhyay

Partner

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjay Gupta

Director

Subhrangshu Chakrabarti

Director

Aloke Kumar Mukherjee Aloke Mukherjee

Company Secretary

Kolkata,

05th May, 2015

Kolkata,

05th May, 2015





Rs. In Lacs Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2015 Year Ended Year Ended 31.03.2015 31.03.2014 A. Cash Flow from Operating activities: (2,248.50) (1,278.33) Profit before taxes Adjustments for 415.14 320.19 Depreciation 11.63 46.67 Loss on assets sold/ discarded (8.61) (10.37) Liability no longer required written back 2.50 Provision for doubtful debt 1.78 Provision for doubtful advances 1.35 Bad debt Written Off (1,793.52) (953.03) Operating profit before working capital changes Changes in Working Capital: Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets. 8.65 17.38 Trade receivables (35.32) (16.58) Short term Loans and advances (74.41) (157.88) Long term Loans and advances (7.01) (58.94) Inventories Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities: 88.66 96.58 Trade payables 17.44 3.35 Other Current Liabilities 0.15 0.05 Short Term Provisions 7.37 6.11 Long Term Provisions (1,048.77) (1,802.18) Cash generated from operations (0.40) 0.22 Direct taxes paid (1,049.17) (1.801.96) Net cash from operating activities B. Cash Flow from Investing activities: (739.37) (733.37) Capital Expenditure on fixed assets including capital advances 0.78 Proceeds from sale of Fixed Assets 1.10 0.70 Sale of External Investment (1.93)Fixed deposits not considered as Cash and cash equivalents (737.89) Net cash utilised in investing activities (734.20) C. Cash Flow from Financing activities: 500.00 4.000.00 Proceeds from issue of equity shares 1.302.00 Share Application money pending allotment (1,476.85)1.802.00 2,523.15 Net cash utilised in financing activities 14.94 (13.01) Net increase or decrease in cash or cash equivalents 17.05

Include cash and Cheques on hand, balance in current and deposit accounts with banks

2 Figures in brackets represent outflows.

Cash and cash equivalents as at 1st April 1

Cash and cash equivalents as at 31st March 1

In terms of our report attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants

Abhijit Bandyopadhya

Partner

Kolkata 05th May, 2015

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Haskins

Chartered Accountants

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

31.99

18.98

31.99

Sanjay Gupta

Director

Subhrangshu Chakrabarti

Aloke Kumar Mukherjee

Company Secretary

05th May, 2015 Kolkata,



Aloke Mukherjee

Notes to the Financial Statements

01 Corporate information

The Company Au Bon Pain Café India Limited (ABPCIL), is engaged in setting up a chain of retail cafes currently having operation in Bangalore, Kolkata and expanding in Northern Capital Region (NCR). For developing the business, master franchise agreement has been entered into between ABPCIL and Au Bon Pain Corporation USA on 14th July 2008, for the grant of exclusive franchise to the Company.

02 Significant Accounting Policies

a). Basis of accounting and preparation of financial statements

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the 2013 Act") / Companies Act, 1956 ("the 1956 Act"), as applicable. The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of services rendered by the Company and the time between the cost incurred for rendering the services and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

b). Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known / materialise.

c). Revenue Recognition

- Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured.
- ii). Revenue is recognized on transfer of significant risk and rewards of ownership of the goods to the buyers.
- iii). Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis based on the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

d). Tangible Assets

All tangible assets are valued at cost less depreciation. The cost of an asset includes the purchase cost of materials, including import duties and non refundable taxes, and any directly attributable costs of bringing an asset to the location and condition of its intended use. Interest on borrowings used to finance the construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset until such time that the asset is ready for its intended use.

e). Capital work-in-progress:

Projects under which assets are not ready for their intended use and other capital work-in-progress are carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable interest, if any.

f). Intangible assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price, including any import duties and non refundable taxes, and any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use and net of any trade discounts and rebates.





Significant Accounting Policies

g). Depreciation

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value. Depreciation on tangible fixed assets has been provided on the straight-line method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except for certain class of assets as mentioned in note 1 below. Improvement to leased properties is amortized over the period of lease.

i).	Leasehold Improvement	:	2 to 9 years
,	Plant and Machinery (1)	:	3 to 15 years
	Furniture fixture (1)	:	4 to 9 years
iv)	Motor Vehicles (1)	:	5 years
	Office Equipments (1)	į	3 to 5 years
vi).	Electrical/ Café Equipments (1)		3 to 10 years

Cost of Intangible Assets are amortized as follows:

: 2 to 10 years Brand License Computer Software

(1) The useful life of these categories of assets, in whose case the life of the assets has been assessed as under based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support, etc.

h). Impairment

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units at each Balance Sheet date are reviewed for impairment. If any indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated and impairment is recognised, if the carrying amount of these assets exceeds their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor. When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset in earlier accounting periods no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except in case of revalued assets.

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risk and benefits of ownership of the leased asset, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payment is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

Long term investments are carried at cost less provision for diminution other than temporary (if any) in value of such investments.

Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value.

k). Inventories

Raw materials are valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. Cost comprises purchase price, freight and handling charges, non refundable taxes and duties and other directly attributable costs.

Finished products produced and purchased by the Company are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value.

Work-in-progress is carried at lower of cost and net realisable value.

Stores and packing materials are valued at cost comprising of purchase price, freight and handling charges, non refundable taxes and duties and other directly attributable costs less provisions for obsolescence.

Cost of inventories are generally ascertained on the "weighted average" basis.

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

m). Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.





Notes to the Financial Statements

02 Significant Accounting Policies

n). Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign Currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the reporting currency i.e. Indian rupees, using the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in currencies other than the reporting currencies and foreign exchange contracts remaining unsettled are remeasured at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange difference arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the remeasurement of monetary items, are included in statement of profit and loss.

o). Employee Benefits

(i) Short term benefits

Short term employee benefits are recognised as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the statement of profit and loss for the year in which the related service is rendered.

(ii) Post employment benefits

Defined Contribution plans:

Defined Contribution plans are those plans where the Company pays fixed contribution in return for the service rendered by the employees during the year. Retirement benefits in the form of Provident & Superannuation Funds are defined contribution schemes and the contributions are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss of the year when due.

Defined Benefit Plans:

The Company provides Gratuity and Leave Encashment Benefits to its employees. Gratuity is a defined benefit obligation and contribution, by way of premium is paid to Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC)under the group gratuity scheme. The liability towards leave benefits is unfunded. The present value of these defined benefit obligations are ascertained by an independent actuarial valuation as per the requirement of Accounting Standards 15 - Employee Benefits. The liability recognised in the balance sheet is the present value of the defined benefit obligations on the balance sheet date less the fair value of the plan assets (for funded plans), together with adjustments for unrecognised past service costs. All actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Statement Profit and Loss in full in the year in which they occur.

p). Earnings Per Share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) 20- Earnings Per Share. Basic earnings per equity share have been computed by dividing net profit after tax attributable to equity share holders by the weighted average numbers of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

q). Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Contingent Liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes. Contingent Assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

r). Taxes on Income

Current Tax:

Provision for Current tax is determined on the basis of taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred Tax:

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised by computing the tax effect on timing differences which arise during the year and reverse in the subsequent periods. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.





03 Share Capital

	As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
	Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
Authorised: 100,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each (31.03.2014: 80,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each)	10,000.00	8,000.00
	10,000.00	8,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up: 80,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	8,000.00	4,000.00
(31.03.2014: 40,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each)	8,000.00	4,000.00

Notes:

(i) Reconciliation of Number of shares

	As at 31.03.2015		As at 31.03.2014	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount Rs. lacs
Issued, Subscribed and Fully paid		Rs. lacs	-	
At the beginning of the year	4,00,00,000	4,000.00	3,50,00,000	3,500.00
Issued during the year	4,00,00,000	4,000.00	50,00,000	500.00
At the end of the year	8,00,00,000	8,000.00	4,00,00,000	4,000.00

(ii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of outstanding shares

	As at 31.03	.2015	As at 31.03	.2014
Shareholder	No. of Shares	%	Nos. shares	%
(1) Spencer's Retail Limited(2) Mr. Varin Narula	7,20,00,000 80,00,000	90 10	3,20,00,000 80,00,000	80 20
	8,00,00,000	100	4,00,00,000	100

(iii) The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.





04 Reserves and Surplus

	As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
	Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
Surplus / (Deficit) in Statement of Profit and Loss:	-	
Opening Balance	(3,724.84)	(2,446.51)
Add: Profit / (Loss) for the year	(2,248.50)	(1,278.33)
Balance as at 31st march	(5,973.34)	(3,724.84)
Share Application money pending Allotment	As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
	Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
Share Application money pending Allotment	102.65	1,579.50
	102.65	1,579.50

Share Application money as above represents money received from the Company's Holding Company - Spencer's Retail Limited towards equity

shares proposed to be issued in coming year(s).

Note:

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		As at 31.	03.2015	As at 31	.03.2014
	_	Rs in	lacs	Rs ir	n lacs
		Long Term	Short Term	Long Term	Short Term
(a) Provision for employee benefits				
	(1) Post-employment Defined Benefits				
	Retiring Gratuity	14.60	0.23	10.36	0.19
	(2) Other Employee Benefits :				
	Leave Encashment	12.32	0.16	9.19	0.15
Т	otal Provisions	26.92	0.39	19.55	0.34
т	rade Payables				
	rudo r dyddiod			As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
				Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
	Creditors for supplies and services			333.47	253.42
	Total Trade Payables			333.47	253.42
Ot	ther Current Liabilities				
Ot	(a) Capital Creditors (b) Creditors for other liabilities			9.98	22.64
Ot	(a) Capital Creditors (b) Creditors for other liabilities (i) Employee recoveries and employer contribu-	ıtions		10.59	9.07
Ot	(a) Capital Creditors(b) Creditors for other liabilities	utions			





09 Tangible assets

Rs. In Lacs

As at 31.03.2015	Leasehold Improvements	Plant and Machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Office Equipments	Electrical/Café Equipments	Vehicles	Total Tangible Assets
Cost at beginning of year	382.72	485.58	398.00	86.09	708.13	1.59	2062.11
Additions	235.97	58.70	127.83	13.29	340.92	2.31	779.02
Deductions	29.42	0.03	34.51	0.00	36.60	0.40	100.96
Cost at end of year	589.27	544.25	491.32	99.38	1012.45	3.50	2740.17
Depreciation at beginning of year	135.89	163.98	159.13	23.95	198.01	1.24	682.20
Charge for the year	73.46	56.54	71.64	5.34	168.81	0.25	376.04
Disposals	17.34	0.02	21.48	0.00	18.29	0.38	57.51
Depreciation at end of year	192.01	220.50	209.29	29.29	348.53	1.11	1000.73
Net book value at beginning of year	246.83	321.60	238.87	62.14	510.12	0.35	1379.91
Net book value at end of year	397.26	323.75	282.03	70.09	663.92	2.39	1739.44
As at 31.03.2014	Leasehold Improvements	Plant and Machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Office Equipments	Electrical/Café Equipments	Vehicles	Total Tangible Assets
Cost at beginning of year	228.92	372.64	274.87	80.93	445.53	1.59	1,404.48
Additions	157.80	113.17	128.60	5.16	270.17	9	674.90
Deductions	4.00	0.23	5.47	2	7.57	-	17.27
Cost at end of year	382.72	485,58	398.00	86.09	708.13	1.59	2,062.11
Depreciation at beginning of year	85.55	105.63	91.58	21.88	101.15	0.91	406.70
Charge for the year	51.51	58.40	70.11	2.07	99.92	0.33	282.34
Disposals	1.17	0.05	2.56	-	3.06	_	6.84
Depreciation at end of year	135.89	163.98	159.13	23.95	198.01	1.24	682.20
Net book value at beginning of year	143.37	267.01	183.29	59.05	344.38	0.68	997.78
Net book value at end of year	246.83	321.60	238.87	62.14	510.12	0.35	1,379.91





10 Intangible assets (Acquired)

To mangiore access, requires,	Brand Licence	Software Costs	Rs. In Lacs Total Intangible Assets
Gross Block as at April 1, 2014	288.61	39.17	327.78
Additions	10.13	11.73	21.86
Deduction	7.84	-	7.84
Gross Block as at March 31, 2015	290.90	50.90	341.80
Accumulated Amortisation as at April 1, 2014	132.44	27.61	160.05
Charge for the year	31.09	8.01	39.10
Deduction	3.52	-	3.52
Accumulated amortisation as at March 31, 2015	160.01	35.62	195.63
Net book value as at April 1, 2014	156.17	11.56	167.73
Net book value as at March 31, 2015	130.89	15.28	146.17

	As at 31.03.2014	Brand Licence	Software Costs	Total Intangible Assets
Cost at beginning of year		287.22	30.69	317.91
Additions		5.96	8.48	14.44
Deduction		4.57	-	4.57
Cost at end of year		288.61	39.17	327.78
Amortisation at beginning	g of year	103.20	21.59	124.79
Charge for the year		31.83	6.02	37.85
Deduction		2.59	-	2.59
Amortisation at end of ye	ar	132.44	27.61	160.05
Net book value at beginn	ing of year	184.02	9.10	193.12
Net book value at end of	year	156.17	11.56	167.73





11 Capital work-in-progress

	As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
	Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
a) Capital work-in-progress- Tangible assets	18.71	85.96
b) Capital work-in-progress - Intangible assets	25.82	2
	44.53	85.96

12 Loans and advances

	As at 31.0	3.2015	As at 31.	.03.2014
	Rs. in	Lacs	Rs. in	Lacs
	Long Term	Short Term	Long Term	Short Term
Loans and advances (Unsecured considered good)				
(a) Capital advances	3.91	-	42.64	72
(b) Security deposits	385.76	36.55	311.35	7.
Less: Provision	1.78		74	-
	383.98	36.55	311.35	<u> </u>
(c) Other loans and advances				
(1) Other advances and prepayments	-	24.19	-	25.43
(2) Advance payment of taxes	0.45		0.67	=
Total Loans and advances	388.34	60.74	354.66	25.43

13 Inventories

	As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
	Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
(a) Raw materials	59.16	50.43
(b) Work in Progess	2	0.85
(c) Finished goods	23.25	32.55
(d) Stock in Trade	9.65	10.34
(e) Stores and packing material	38.95	29.83
Total Inventories	131.01	124.00
Total Inventorio		-





14 Trade receivables

14	Trade receivables		
		As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
		Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
	Trade receivables		
	(a) Outstanding for a period exceeding six months		
	- Unsecured, Considerd good	3.26	4.88
	- Unsecured, Doubtfull	2.50	2.50
		5.76	7.38
	Less: Provision for doubtful debts	2.50	2.50
		3.26	4.88
	(b) Others	47.00	24.09
	- Unsecured, Considerd good	20.32	28.97
	Total Trade Receivables	20.32	
15	Cash and bank balances	As at 31.03.2015 Rs. In Lacs	As at 31.03.2014 Rs. In Lacs
	Cash & Cash equivalents		
	(a) Cash on hand	10.40	9.54
	(b) Cheques, drafts on hand	2.29	
	(c) Balances with banks		
	- In Current Accounts	6.29	22.45
		18.98	31.99
	Other Balances		
	(a) Balances with banks		
	In Deposit Accounts (maturity more than three months and less than twelve months) - marked as lien against Bank Guarantee for Sales Tax	3.50	1.57
	Total cash and bank balances	22.48	33.56





Revenue from operations 16 Year Year Ended Ended 31.03.2015 31.03.2014 Rs. In Lacs Rs. In Lacs 1,336.18 1,649.64 Gross Revenue from Operations 25.07 34.11 Less: Excise duty 1,615.53 1,311.11 Total Revenue from Operations Year Year Ended Ended 31.03.2015 31.03.2014 Other Income 17 Rs. In Lacs Rs. In Lacs (a) Income from Investment 0.15 0.39 (b) Interest on Fixed Deposit 10.37 8.61 (c) Liability no longer required written back 0.46 (d) Other non operating Income 1.80 10.98 10.80 **Total Other Income**





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		;	H	н	١,	١,	١,	٠(

18	Cost of mate	rials consumed		
			Year Ended	Year Ended
			31.03.2015	31.03.2014
	Raw materials	consumed	Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
	Opening Stock		50.43	28.27
	Add: Purchases		701.54	518.32
			751.97	546.59
	Less: Inventory	at the end of the year	59.16	50.43
			692.81	496.16
	Raw material co	onsumption comprises	Year Ended	Year Ended
			31.03.2015	31.03.2014
			Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
	(a) Groceries		119.69	49.64
	(b) Dairy		193.37	143.65
	(c) Others		379.75	302.87
	Total Raw Mater	rial Consumed	692.81	496.16
19	Purchases o	f Stock in Trade	Year Ended	Year Ended
			31.03.2015	31.03.2014
			Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
	(a) Beverages	S	42.37	35.18
	(b) Impulses a	and others	69.52	51.85
			111.89	87.03
20		Stock of Finished Goods, Work in d Stock in Trade	Year Ended	Year Ended
	Opening :	Stock	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
			Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
		Finished Goods	32.55	9.31
		Stock in Trade	10.34	7.37
		Work in Progess	0.85	5.18
			43.74	21.86
	Less	Closing Stock		
		Finished Goods	23.25	32.55
		Stock in Trade	9.65	10.34
		Work in Progess	¥1	0.85
			32.90	43.74
	Net (Incre	ease)/Decrease	10.84	(21.88)
	7101 (117010			





21	Employee Benefit Expense	Year Ended	Year Ended
		31.03.2015	31.03.2014
		Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
	(a) Salaries and wages, including bonus	749.79	555.44
	(b) Contribution to provident and other funds	55.19	42.28
	(c) Staff welfare expenses	53.24	29.55
	Total Employee Benefit Expense	858.22	627.27
22	Finance costs	Year Ended	Year Ended
		31.03.2015	31.03.2014
		Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
	(a) Bank Charges	24.51	21.70
	Total finance costs	24.51	21.70





23 Other Expenses

				Year Ended	Year Ended
				31.03.2015	31.03.2014
				Rs. In Lacs	Rs. In Lacs
(a)	Cons	umptio	on of stores and packing materials	131.76	85.53
(b)	Repa	irs to	buildings	1.46	3.08
(c)	Repa	irs to	machinery	14.20	8.79
(d)	Repa	irs to	others	57.65	34.03
(e)	Purch	nase c	f power	251.58	181.65
(f)	Freig	ht and	I handling charges	54.08	48.10
(g)	Rent			681.51	327.46
(h)	Rates	and	taxes	25.76	28.74
(i)	Other	expe	nses	543.42	352.57
	(1)	Audit	ors remuneration and out-of-pocket expenses	10.10	10.33
		(i)	As Auditors #	7.50	7.50
		(ii)	For Taxation matters #	1.50	1.50
		(iii)	Other sevices #	1.00	1.00
		(iv)	Auditors out-of-pocket expenses #	0.10	0.30
	(2)		l and other professional costs	21.47	19.52
	(3)		rtisement, Promotion and Selling Expenses	166.30	82.14
	(4)		elling Expenses	81.58	71.71
	(5)		rity Expenses	23.35	16.13
	(6)		munication Expenses	30.67	18.68
	(7)	Print	ing and Stationery	13.80	12.56
	(8)	Hous	se Keeping	56.57	27.32
	(9)	Roya	alty	69.36	55.85
	(10)	Loss	on assets sold/ discarded	46.67	11.63
	(11)	Prov	ision for doubtfull Debt	190	2.50
	(12)	Bad	Debt Wrtitten Off	-	1.35
	(13)	Prov	ision for doubtfull Advances	1.78	
	(14)	Othe	r General Expenses	21.77	22.88
Total	Other I	Exper	nses	1,761.42	1,069.95

Note #: The above amounts are exclusive of Service Tax. Auditors remuneration for other services excludes amount of Rs. 15 lakhs (previous year - Rs. Nil) reimbursed by the holding company.





Estimated amounts of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for : Rs.60.29 lacs (As at 31.3.2014: Rs. 66.21 lacs) [Net of advances of Rs. 0.94 lacs (As at 31.03.2014 Rs.32.30 lacs)].

Year ended 31.03.2015

				.03.2014
	%	Amount (Rs, In lacs)	% =	Amount (Rs. In lacs)
Consumption of Imported and Indigenous Materials a). Raw Materials consumed - Indigenous - Imported	100% - 100%	692.81 - 692.81	100% 100% 	495.78 - 495.78
			Year ended 31.03.2015 Amount (Rs. In lacs)	Year ended 31.03.2014 Amount (Rs. In lacs)
Expenditure in Foreign Currency (on accrual basis) a) Franchisee Fee (Net of Withholding taxes)			7.72	4.61 3.40
b) Others - Travelling Expensesc) Royalty Fees on Sales (Net of withholding taxes)			47.77	42.56
Loss per share			Year ended 31.03.2015 (2,248.50)	Year ended 31.03.2014 (1,278.33)
	a). Raw Materials consumed - Indigenous - Imported Expenditure in Foreign Currency (on accrual basis) a) Franchisee Fee (Net of Withholding taxes) b) Others - Travelling Expenses c) Royalty Fees on Sales (Net of withholding taxes)	Consumption of Imported and Indigenous Materials a). Raw Materials consumed - Indigenous - Imported Expenditure in Foreign Currency (on accrual basis) a) Franchisee Fee (Net of Withholding taxes) b) Others - Travelling Expenses c) Royalty Fees on Sales (Net of withholding taxes)	Consumption of Imported and Indigenous Materials a). Raw Materials consumed - Indigenous - Imported Expenditure in Foreign Currency (on accrual basis) a) Franchisee Fee (Net of Withholding taxes) b) Others - Travelling Expenses c) Royalty Fees on Sales (Net of withholding taxes)	Consumption of Imported and Indigenous Materials a). Raw Materials consumed - Indigenous - Imported Touch imported - Indigenous - -

Since the effect of potential equity shares are anti dilutive, basic and diluted loss per share is equal.

28

Loss for the year (Rs. In lacs)

Weighted average number of equity shares for basic loss per share

Add: Adjustment for share application money pending allotment

Basic and diluted loss per equity share (Rs.) #

Weighted average number of equity shares for diluted loss per share

In view of the absence of virtual certainty of absorption of unabsorbed losses, deferred tax assets have not been recognized in accordance with the principles set out in Accounting Standard 22 'Accounting for Taxes on Income'.

the principles set out in Accounting Standard 22 7,888 ming standard 22 7,888 mind standard 22 7,888 mind standard 22 7,888 mind standard	Deferred tax liability/ (Asset) as at 01.04.2014	Current Year Charge/ (Credit)	Deferred tax liability/ (Asset) as at 31.03.2015
Deferred Tax Liabilities Difference between book and tax depreciation	157.08	96.94	254.02
Deferred Tax Assets Unabsorbed depreciation (restricted to the extent of deferred tax liability on depreciation)	(157.08)	(96.94)	(254.02)
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)			- h-tugon the

The Company has recognised deferred tax asset on unabsorbed depreciation to the extent of the corresponding deferred tax liability on the difference between the book balance and the written down value of fixed assets under Income Tax.





Year ended 31.03.2014

3,84,52,055

55,57,260

4,40,09,315

(3.32)

4,01,09,589

4,01,36,921

27,332

(5.61)

Related party transaction

a). List of Related Parties and Relationship

Name of the Related Party

- i) CESC Limited
- ii) Spencer's Retail Limited
- iii) CESC Properties Limited
- iv) Mr Varin Narula v) Mr. Sanjay Gupta
- b). Rela

Relationship

Ultimate Holding Company

Holding Company Fellow Subsidiary

Co-Venturer

Key Management Personnel

d party transactions		Year ended	Year ended
	Nature of transactions	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
ame of the related party	vature of transactions	Amount (Rs. In lacs)	Amount (Rs. In lacs)
	Expenses Incurred	36.16	8.21
		31.03.2015	31.03.2014
CESC Limited (Ultimate Holding Company)		Amount (Rs. In lacs)	Amount (Rs. In lacs)
	Amounts payable	3.23	2.48
	Amounts receivable	2.76	2.76
		Year ended 31.03.2015	Year ended 31.03.2014
ame of the related party	Nature of transactions	Amount (Rs. In lacs)	Amount (Rs. In lacs)
	Expenses Reimbursed	16.85	2
	Expenses Incurred	-	9
41	Sale of Goods	0.07	0.63
	Equity Contribution	4,000.00	400.00
Spencer's Retail Limited(Holding Company)	Share Application money pending Allotment	102.65	1,579.50
		31.03.2015	31.03.2014
	N*	Amount (Rs. In lacs)	Amount (Rs. In lacs)
	Share Application money pending Allotment	102.65	1,579.50
26	Amounts receivable	Year ended	Year ended
		31.03.2015	31.03.2014
Name of the related party	Nature of transactions	Amount	Amount
		(Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs)
	Expenses Incurred	43.87	13.04
		31.03.2015	31.03.2014
CESC Properties Limited (Fellow Subsidiary Company)		Amount (Rs. In lacs)	Amount (Rs. In lacs)
	Amounts payable	4.46	5.60
	Amounts receivable	12.33	12.33
		Year ended 31.03.2015	Year ended 31.03.2014
Name of the related party	Nature of transactions	Amount (Rs. In lacs)	Amount (Rs. In lacs)
	Remuneration Incurred	93.54	55.3
		31.03.2015	31.03.2014
Mr Sanjay Gupta (Key Management Personnel Whole Time Director)-	Amount (Rs. In lacs)	Amount (Rs. In lacs)
Whole time Director		-	-
		Year ended	Year ended
Name of the related party	Nature of transactions	31.03.2015 Amount	31.03.2014 Amount
		(Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs
	Equity Contribution	31.03.2015	31.03.201
		Amount	Amount
Mr Varin Narula(Co- Venturer)		(Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs
	Amounts payable	-	-
	Amounts receivable Hasking	-	-

Chartered Accountants



30 Employee Benefits

Defined Contribution Plans

The Company has recognised, in the Profit and Loss Account for the current year an amount of Rs. 35.37 lacs (*Previous year : Rs. 26.03 lacs*) expenses under defined contribution plans.

i).	Contribution	to	Provident	Fund
1).	Contribution	1O	Plovidelit	1 unc

ii). Contribution to Superannuation Fund

2014-15	2013-14
Amount	Amount
(Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs)
31.75	22.30
3.63	3,73
35.38	26.03

Defined Benefits Plans

Details of the Gratuity and Leave Encashment Benefit are as follows

Details of the Gratuity and Leave Encashment Benefit are as follows					
		2014-15		2013-14	
Description		Gratuity (Funded)	Leave (UnFunded)	Gratuity (Funded)	Leave (Unfunded)
		Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
		(Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs)
1.	Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of obligation	00000	0.04	7.16	7.62
	a. Obligation as at 01.04.2014	12.54	9.34	2.20	3.70
	b. Current service cost	4.00	2.76	0.52	0.30
	c. Interest cost	0.88	0.54	0.52	0.50
	d. Acquisition adjustment			5.34	6.22
	e. Actuarial (gain)/loss	4.14	5.08		(8.50)
	f. Benefits paid	(3.21)	(5.24)	(2.68)	9.34
	g. Obligation as at 31.03.2015	18.35	12.48	12.54	3.54
2.	Change in fair value of plan assets			4.45	
	a. Fair value of plan assets as at 01.04.2014	1.99	•	1.15	250
	b. Acquisition adjustment		•	0.40	
	c. Expected return on plan assets	0.17		0.10	
	d. Actuarial gain/(loss)	1.35	-	0.74	-
	e. Contributions made by the company	3.21		2.68	
	f. Benefits paid	(3.21)		(2.68)	
	g. Fair value of plan assets as at 31.03.2015	3.51		1.99	-
3.	Reconciliation of fair value of plan assets and obligations			10.51	9.34
	a. Present value of obligation as at 31.03.2015	18.35	12.48	12.54	5.54
	b. Fair value of plan assets as at 31.03.2015	(3.51)		(1.99) 10.55	9.34
	c. Amount recognised in the balance sheet (Assets)/ Liability	14.84	12.48	10.55	5.54
4.	I addition the year			0.00	3.70
	a. Current service cost	4.00	2.76	2.20	0.30
	b. Interest cost	0.88	0.54	0.52	
	c. Expected return on plan assets	(0.17)	-	(0.10)	- 0.00
	d, Actuarial (gains)/loss	2.79	5.08	4.60	6.22
	e. Expenses recognised during the year	7.50	8.38	7.22	10.22
5.	500 CONTROL OF THE CO			1122	
J.	a. Others (Funds with Life Insurance Corporation of India)	3.51	-	1.99	-
6.	Assumptions			0.000/	9.00%
3.	a. Discount rate (per annum)	8.00%	9.00%	8.00%	9.00%
	b. Estimated rate of return on plan assets (per annum)	8.00%	-	8.00%	E 000
	c. Rate of escalation in salary	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
	O, INDIO OF SEPTEMBER III				





F.,	perience adjustments				
EX	perience adjustments	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12
Gr	atuity				
a.	Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	18.35	12.54	7.16	5.71
b.	Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	(3.51)	(1.99)	(1.15)	(1.40)
C.	(Surplus)/Deficit in the plan	14.84	10.55	6.01	4.31
d.	Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (loss/(gains))	(1.74)	7.32	0.15	0.57
e.	Experience adjustments on plan assets ((loss)/gain)	1.20	0.74	0.02	(0.24)
Le	pave				
a.	Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	12.48	9.34	7.62	6.43
b.	Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	(#)		-	-
C.	- vm C.Vi. the plan	12.48	9.34	7.62	6.43
d.	Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	3.30	7.84	1.68	0.24
е	- in the tree to on plan assets ((loss)/gain)	-	9	(#1)	÷

- 31 The Company is engaged in Food and Beverage business. As the Company is operating in a single business and geographical segment, the reporting requirement for primary and sceondary segment disclosure prescribed by the paragraphs 39 to 51 of Accounting Standard 17, Segment Reporting, is not applicable.
- 32 Based on and to the extent of information obtained from suppliers regarding their status as Micro, Small or Medium enterprises under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, there are no amounts due to them as at the end of the year.
- 33 During the year, the Company has revised useful life of the fixed assets as specified in Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 (refer note 2(g)). Due to change in estimates of useful life of assets depreciation for the year is lower by Rs. 1.91 lacs.
- 34 As at March 31, 2015 the Company's paid up capital and accumulated losses are Rs. 8,000 lacs and Rs. 5,973.34 lacs respectively and the Company had a net loss of Rs. 2248.50 lacs for the year ended March 31, 2015.

The Company, however having created a robust infrastructure for food and beverage business, is confident of generating positive cash flows and operational surplus in the near future with certain interim support from the holding company. Therefore the Company is confident about the continuity of its operations and long term viability.

Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or to amounts and classification of liabilities that might result if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

35 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjay Gupta

Aloke Mukherjee. Subhrangshu Chakrabarti

Aloke Kumar Mukherjee Company Secretary

Kolkata,

05th May, 2015



